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- 1. A method of signal processing, comprising the steps of:
- 2 providing an optical carrier signal;

modulating the optical carrier signal with an input signal to provide an optically

4 modulated signal;

radiating the optically modulated signal from a set of taps formed in an optical fiber;

6 performing a spatial Fourier transformation on the radiated signal;

detecting the Fourier transformed signal and converting the detected signal into an

8 electrical signal; and

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performing a digital Fourier transformation and other processing, such as calibration, on the electrical signal to output an autocorrelation of the input signal.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the radiated signal is a function of the distance between the taps, the velocity of the signal through the fiber, and an aperture weighting function.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the autocorrelation of the input signal is weighted by the autocorrelation of the aperture weighting function.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the input signal is composed of the sum of two or more signals.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the output includes the autocorrelation of the 2 input.
- 6. The method of claim 4, further including the step of generating a crosscorrelation between the component signals.
- 7. The method of claim 4, wherein the two signals are direct ladar or lidar optical2 signals.

- 8. The method of claim 4, wherein the two signals are radar signals.
- 9. The method of claim 7, wherein the radar signals are synthetic aperture radar 2 signals.
- 10. The method of claim 4, further including the step of optically combining the 2 two input signals.
 - 11. A signal processor, comprising:
- a coherent laser source operating at a carrier frequency;
 a modulator to insert an input RF signal into the carrier;
- an optical fiber radiator composed of a fiber with taps that radiate the modulated optical signal;
- a lens to perform a spatial Fourier transformation on the radiated signal; and a detector array to output the transformed signal to a digital processor for additional signal processing.
- 12. The signal processor of claim 11, wherein the digital processor performs an additional Fourier transformation to output an autocorrelation of the input signal.
- 13. The signal processor of claim 11, wherein the radiated signal is a function of the distance between the taps, the velocity of the signal through the fiber, and an aperture weighting function.
- 14. The signal processor of claim 12, wherein the autocorrelation of the input 2 signal is weighted by the autocorrelation of the aperture weighting function.
- The signal processor of claim 11, wherein the input signal is composed of thesum of input two or more signals.

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- 16. The signal processor of claim 15, wherein the output includes the 2 autocorrelations of component inputs.
- 17. The signal processor of claim 15, wherein the digital processor is operative to generate a cross-correlation of the component signals.
- 18. The signal processor of claim 15, further including a radar received input 2 signal and radar transmitted signal to generate the two input signals.
- 19. The signal processor of claim 18, wherein the radar signals are synthetic 2 aperture radar signals.
- 20. The signal processor of claim 18, further including the step of optically combining the two input signals.